

International Food Aid Programs Background And Issues

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Background. For almost seven decades, the United States has played a leading role in global efforts to alleviate hunger and malnutrition and to enhance world food security through international food aid— primarily through either the donation or the sale on concessional terms of U.S. agricultural commodities.

~~U.S. International Food Aid Programs: Background and Issues~~

U.S. international food aid has traditionally been distributed through five main program authorities: the Food for Peace Act (P.L. 480); the Section 416(b) program; the Food for Progress Act of 1985; the McGovern-Dole International Food for Education and Child Nutrition Program; and the Local and Regional Procurement Pilot Program.

~~International food aid programs: background and issues ...~~

U.S. international food aid programs. The primary objectives for foreign food aid include providing emergency and humanitarian assistance in response to natural or manmade disasters, and promoting agricultural development and food security. The United States provides food aid for emergency food relief and to support development projects.

~~International Food Aid Programs: Background and Issues~~

International Food Aid Programs: Background and Issues Description This report describes the major U.S. international food aid programs along with the related issues—including the Administration's reform proposals—currently before Congress.

~~International Food Aid Programs: Background and Issues ...~~

International Food Aid Programs: Background and Issues Congressional Research Service Summary For almost six decades, the United States has played a leading role in global efforts to alleviate hunger and malnutrition and to enhance world food security through international food aid

~~International Food Aid Programs: Background and Issues~~

International food programs Food Aid International's volunteer-based meal packaging program plays an important role in reducing hunger around the world. Food Aid in partnership with Kids Against Hunger packages meals that have been formulated by food scientists to provide a rich source of easily digestible protein, carbohydrates, and vitamins needed by a malnourished child's body and mind.

~~Programs | Food Aid International~~

The other main approach to distinguish food aid is by looking at its sources or modes of supply: direct transfers, including all food aid originating from a donor country; food aid purchases or exchanges in one developing country for use as food aid in another country; and, local purchases, procured in a country and used as food aid in the same ...

~~Official development assistance (ODA) Food aid OECD Data~~

Background. Since the early twentieth century, food aid has increasingly served as a component of U.S. foreign policy to help alleviate humanitarian crises. Following the First World War, the United States Government sought to contain the spread of Bolshevism in Eastern and Central Europe.

~~A Short History of U.S. International Food Assistance~~

Food Aid International is a humanitarian, global, IRS approved 501 (c) (3) nonprofit organization that has joined the fight against poverty and world hunger. Through a partnership with Kids Against Hunger, Food Aid packages and ships malnutrition fighting meals to starving children around the world. In a world where 16,000 children die everyday due to hunger related illness, Food Aid International seeks to mobilize volunteers to package meals, ship meals, and save lives!

~~Home | Food Aid International~~

The World Food Programme promotes gender equality through leveraging our food assistance to bridge the gender gap. Gender equality and women's empowerment are a key aspect of WFP's operations. Our work with school meals, smallholder farmers, health, nutrition and protection programmes boosts access to food and livelihoods.

~~United Nations World Food Programme (WFP) WFP.org~~

Food Aid is an important form of assistance to Third World countries. The short term effects of food aid depict benefits for the people of the developing country, however this is controversial as we will show later in the essay. Long term food aid can have serious social and economic consequences.

~~Effects Of Food Aid For Developing Countries~~

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~~International Food Aid Programs: Background and Issues CORE~~

The International Aid Transparency Initiative IATI is a voluntary, multi-stakeholder initiative that seeks to improve the transparency of aid, development, and humanitarian resources in order to increase their effectiveness in tackling poverty. The IATI data browser provides a search function and information by country or by publisher on development activities and budgets submitted to IATI.

~~FAIS Food Aid Information System~~

Food aid is a crucial part of helping tackle world hunger. However, food aid comes in various forms, and is often criticized for benefiting donors and their interests more than recipients. For example, during the Cold War in particular, food dumping was common place. Today long term food aid is giving way to emergency relief. While this is important it also has its challenges.

~~Food Aid Global Issues~~

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~~Food aid and food assistance in emergency and transitional ...~~

U.S. International Food Aid Programs: Background and Issues [September 14, 2016] [open pdf - 1 MB] "For almost six decades, the United States has played a leading role in global efforts to alleviate hunger and malnutrition and to enhance world food security through international food assistance—traditionally through either the donation or sale on concessional terms of U.S. agricultural ...

~~U.S. International Food Aid Programs: Background and ...~~

While food aid increases food supply, food assistance provides indirect access to food by supplementing household income through cash and voucher (CV) programs. Households receive money to purchase food through paper vouchers, physical cash, or electronic disbursement via SIM cards, e-money, or prepaid cards.

~~Food Aid vs. Food Assistance in Conflict Areas: The Case ...~~

The World Food Programme (WFP) is the food-assistance branch of the United Nations. It is the world's largest humanitarian organization, the largest one focused on hunger and food security, and the largest provider of school meals. Founded in 1961, it is headquartered in Rome and has offices in 80 countries.

This is a print on demand edition of a hard to find publication. The U.S. has played a leading role in global efforts to alleviate hunger and malnutrition and to enhance world food security through internat. food aid activities. The development and implementation of a U.S. global food security initiative, and commitments made by global leaders to support agr. develop., have increased Congress's focus on U.S. internat. food aid programs. Contents of this report: (1) Program Descriptions: Food for Peace Act; Sect. 416(b); Food for Progress; McGovern-Dole Internat. Food for Educ. and Child Nutrition Program; Bill Emerson Humanitarian Trust; (2) Funding of Food Aid; (3) Issues for Congress: Aid Effectiveness; Demand-Driven Aid Strategies; Cash vs. Commodities: Local or Regional Procurement. Illus.

For almost six decades, the United States has played a leading role in global efforts to alleviate hunger and malnutrition and to enhance world food security through international food aid assistance—primarily through either the sale on concessional terms or the donation of U.S. agricultural commodities. Foreign food aid assistance accounts for about 4% of total U.S. foreign aid each year, with economic and military assistance accounting for most outlays. The objectives of foreign food aid include providing emergency and humanitarian assistance in response to natural or manmade disasters, and promoting agricultural development and food security.

For almost six decades, the United States has played a leading role in global efforts to alleviate hunger and malnutrition and to enhance world food security through international food aid assistance -- primarily through either the donation or sale on concessional terms of U.S. agricultural commodities. Objectives of U.S. foreign food aid include providing emergency and humanitarian assistance in response to natural or manmade disasters and promoting agricultural development and food security. This book includes a description of U.S. international food aid programs under current law; several important policy issues related to U.S. international food aid; and describes Administration and congressional proposals intended to change the nature of U.S. food international aid. This book also reviews the U.S. Agency for International Development's (USAID) processes for awarding and modifying cash-based food assistance projects and assesses the extent to which USAID and its implementing partners have implemented financial controls to help ensure appropriate oversight of such projects.

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American food aid to foreigners long has been the most visible—and most popular—means of providing humanitarian aid to millions of hungry people confronted by war, terrorism and natural cataclysms and the resulting threat—often the reality—of famine and death. The book investigates the little-known, not-well-understood and often highly-contentious political processes which have converted American agricultural production into tools of U.S. government policy. In The Political History of American Food Aid, Barry Riley explores the influences of humanitarian, domestic agricultural policy, foreign policy, and national security goals that have created the uneasy relationship between benevolent instincts and the realpolitik of national interests. He traces how food aid has been used from the earliest days of the republic in widely differing circumstances: as a response to hunger, a weapon to confront the expansion of bolshevism after World War I and communism after World War II, a method for balancing disputes between Israel and Egypt, a channel for disposing of food surpluses, a signal of support to friendly governments, and a means for securing the votes of farming constituents or the political support of agriculture sector lobbyists, commodity traders, transporters and shippers. Riley's broad sweep provides a profound understanding of the complex factors influencing American food aid policy and a foundation for examining its historical relationship with relief, economic development, food security and its possible future in a world confronting the effects of global climate change.

This is the first history to be written of the World Food Programme (WFP), the food aid arm of the United Nations System. It tells the story of the antecedents and origins of WFP and growth from modest beginnings as a three-year experiment in 1963-65 to become the main source of international food aid for both

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disaster relief and development against the background of the evolution and development of food aid. This dual role has put WFP in the front line of the United Nations attack on poverty, hunger and food insecurity.

Foreign assistance is a fundamental component of the international affairs budget and is viewed by many as an essential instrument of U.S. foreign policy. On the basis of national security, commercial, and humanitarian rationales, U.S. assistance flows through many federal agencies and supports myriad objectives, including promoting economic growth, reducing poverty, improving governance, expanding access to health care and education, promoting stability in conflictive regions, countering terrorism, promoting human rights, strengthening allies, and curbing illicit drug production and trafficking. This book provides an overview of the U.S. foreign assistance program by answering frequently asked questions on the subject. It also provides a description of U.S. international food aid programs under current law; discusses several important policy issues related to U.S. international food aid; and describes Administration and congressional proposals intended to change the nature of U.S. food international aid.

Agricultural Policy in Disarray provides fascinating, detailed, and contemporary evidence of how rent-seeking by small, well-organized interest groups results in government policies that do little good and much harm.

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